

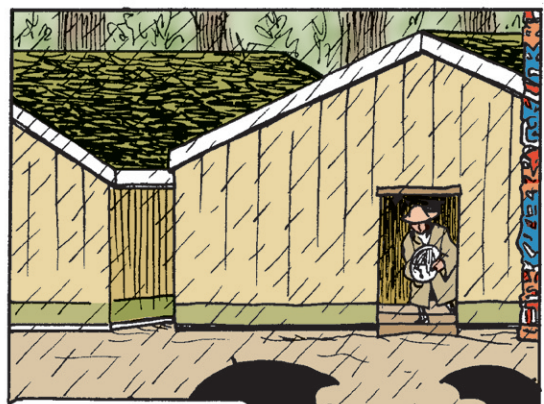
WHERE ARE WE GOING TODAY, ANTE BUG?

WE ARE VISITING THE **NORTHWEST CORNER** OF NORTH AMERICA, BY THE PACIFIC OCEAN. WE'LL MEET SOME SPECIAL NATIVE AMERICANS WHO ONCE LIVED THERE: THE **KWAKIUTL**.



EYEW, WHAT'S THAT SMELL??

THAT'S FISH, SCORPY. SALMON WAS THE MAIN FOOD SOURCE FOR THE KWAKIUTL PEOPLE. THEY USED HOOKS, HARPOONS, OR NETS TO CATCH SALMON. KWAKIUTL ALSO HUNTED DEER AND ELK AND GATHERED BERRIES AND ROOTS.



KWAKIUTL HOUSES LOOK SO MODERN — LIKE HOUSES IN OUR TOWN.

THE MILD AND RAINY CLIMATE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA IS GREAT FOR GROWING TALL, STRONG CEDAR TREES. THE KWAKIUTL USED THESE TREES FOR HOUSES THEY BUILT IN ROWS FACING THE WATER.



IN FRONT OF THEIR HOUSES THEY PLACED HAND-CARVED POLES WITH NEAT FIGURES TO REPRESENT THEIR CLAN. TODAY WE CALL THEM **TOTEM POLES**.



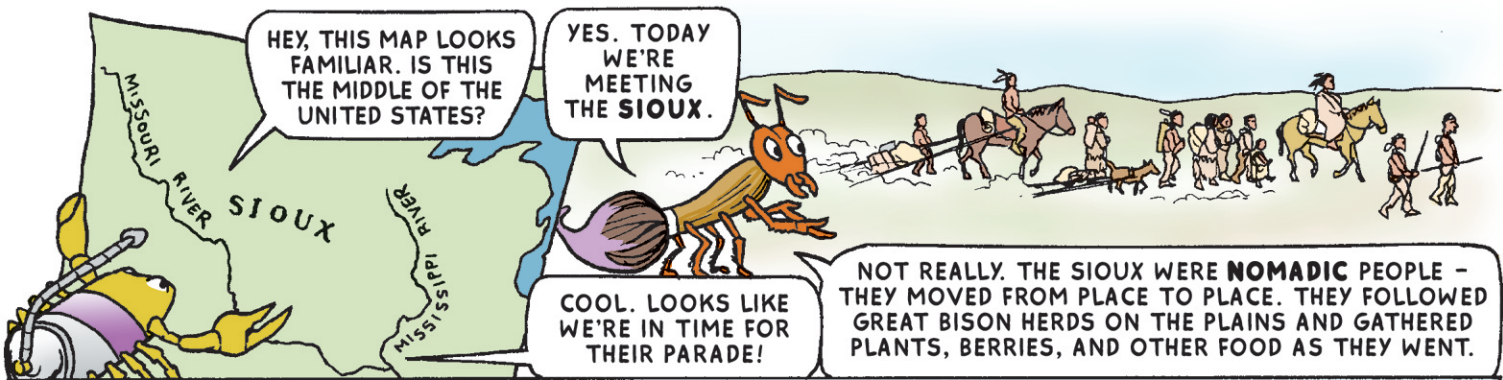
LET ME GUESS — THE BOAT IS MADE OUT OF CEDAR TREES, TOO?

YEP! THE KWAKIUTL USED CANOES TO TRAVEL FROM VILLAGE TO VILLAGE.



THE KWAKIUTL EVEN MADE CLOTHES FROM WOVEN CEDAR BARK. WHEN IT GOT COLD THEY WORE SKIN SHIRTS AND WOOL CAPS WOVEN FROM ANIMAL HAIR.

THE KWAKIUTL SURE WERE RESOURCEFUL. WHO KNEW YOU COULD DO SO MUCH WITH A TREE?!

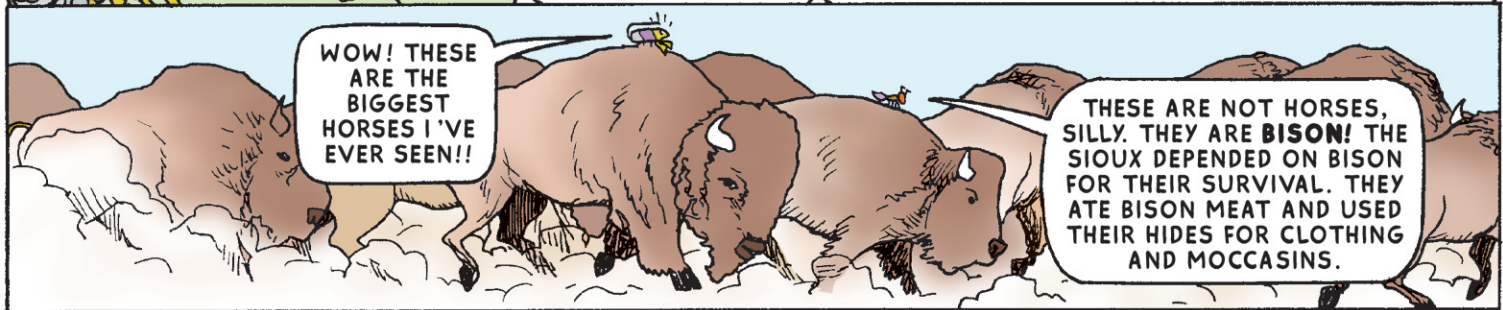


HEY, THIS MAP LOOKS FAMILIAR. IS THIS THE MIDDLE OF THE UNITED STATES?

YES. TODAY WE'RE MEETING THE **SIoux**.

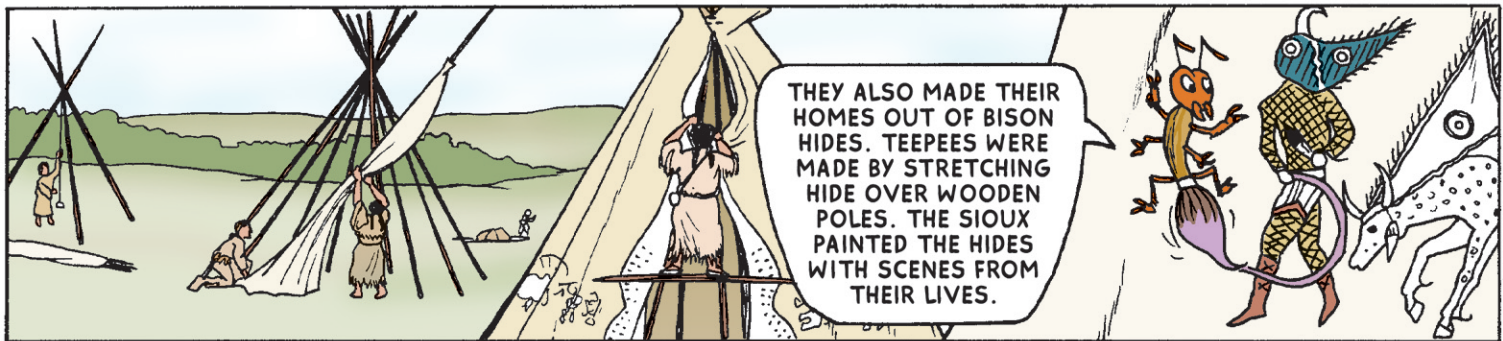
COOL. LOOKS LIKE WE'RE IN TIME FOR THEIR PARADE!

NOT REALLY. THE **SIoux** WERE **NOMADIC** PEOPLE - THEY MOVED FROM PLACE TO PLACE. THEY FOLLOWED GREAT **BISON** HERDS ON THE PLAINS AND GATHERED PLANTS, BERRIES, AND OTHER FOOD AS THEY WENT.

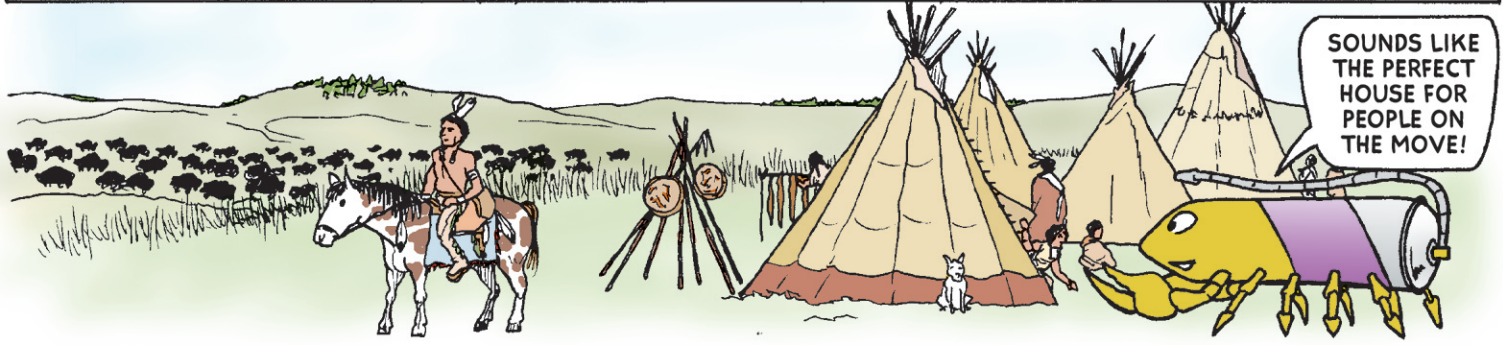


WOW! THESE ARE THE BIGGEST HORSES I'VE EVER SEEN!!


THESE ARE NOT HORSES, SILLY. THEY ARE **BISON!** THE **SIoux** DEPENDED ON **BISON** FOR THEIR SURVIVAL. THEY ATE **BISON** MEAT AND USED THEIR HIDES FOR CLOTHING AND MOCCASINS.




THEY ALSO MADE THEIR HOMES OUT OF **BISON** HIDES. **TEEPEES** WERE MADE BY STRETCHING HIDE OVER WOODEN POLES. THE **SIoux** PAINTED THE HIDES WITH SCENES FROM THEIR LIVES.



SOUNDS LIKE THE PERFECT HOUSE FOR PEOPLE ON THE MOVE!



MAN, ANTE BUG, IT'S REALLY HOT HERE. WHERE ARE WE NOW?




WE'RE IN THE **SOUTHWEST** OF THE UNITED STATES. IT'S HOT AND DRY HERE MOST OF THE TIME. THE NATIVE AMERICANS HERE ARE CALLED **PUEBLO** — A SPANISH WORD MEANING "VILLAGE."



THESE ARE THE HOUSES THE PUEBLO BUILT. THEY ARE MADE FROM A MUD MIXTURE CALLED **ADOBÉ**. SOME EXPLORERS CALLED THESE NATIVE AMERICANS "CLIFF DWELLERS" BECAUSE THEY BUILT THEIR RECTANGULAR HOUSES ALONG THE SIDES OF CANYONS.



HOW CAN ANYTHING GROW IN THIS PLACE??



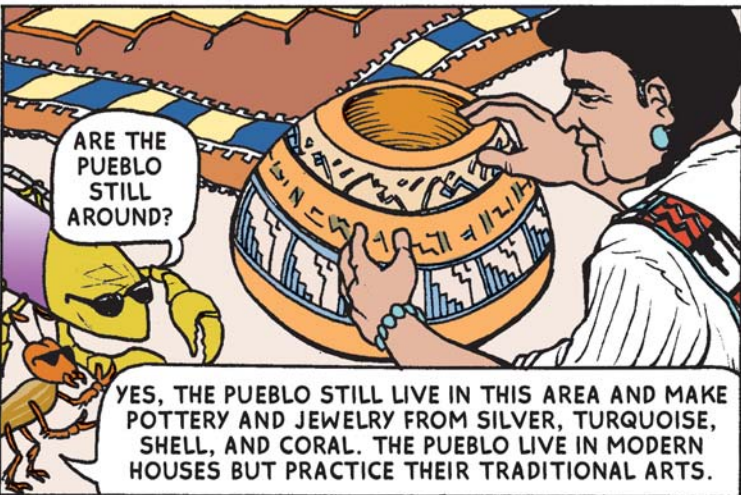
THE PUEBLO WERE GOOD **FARMERS**. THEY GREW CORN, BEANS, SQUASH, PUMPKINS, AND COTTON IN THIS ROCKY AND DRY LAND. **CORN** WAS THE MAIN FOOD — THEY CALLED IT "MAIZE."




CHECK OUT THAT COLORFUL CLOTHING.



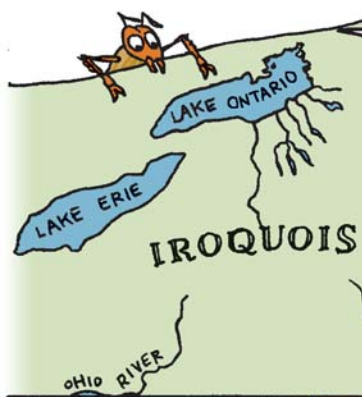
THE PUEBLO WERE ONE OF THE FEW NATIVE AMERICAN GROUPS TO WEAR COTTON CLOTHING INSTEAD OF ANIMAL SKINS. THEY DYED FABRIC USING PIGMENTS FROM PLANTS.



ARE THE PUEBLO STILL AROUND?



YES, THE PUEBLO STILL LIVE IN THIS AREA AND MAKE POTTERY AND JEWELRY FROM SILVER, TURQUOISE, SHELL, AND CORAL. THE PUEBLO LIVE IN MODERN HOUSES BUT PRACTICE THEIR TRADITIONAL ARTS.

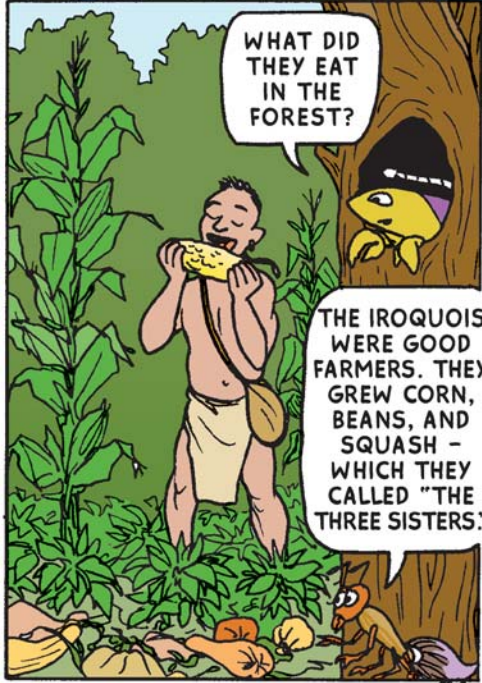


WE'VE MOVED ACROSS THE COUNTRY TODAY, SCORPY, TO EXPLORE AN AREA OF THE **NORTHEAST** THAT WAS INHABITED BY THE **IROQUOIS** OF THE WOODLANDS.



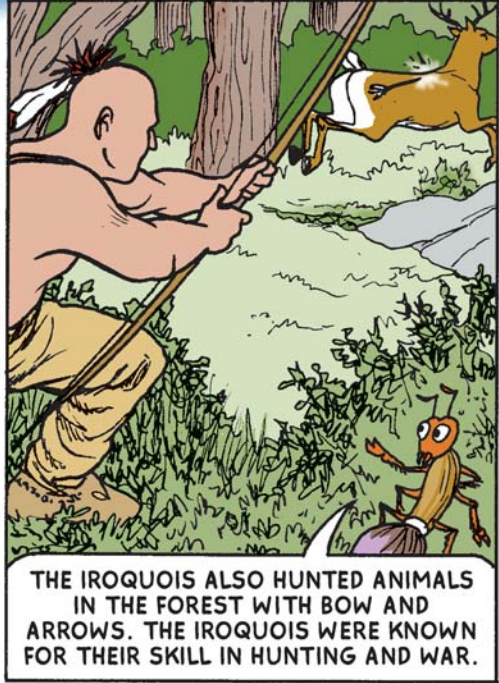
WHAT AN ODD BUILDING - IT'S SO LOOOONG!

THE IROQUOIS HOMES WERE **"LONGHOUSES!"** SEVERAL FAMILIES COULD LIVE IN ONE HOME. IROQUOIS USED THE TREES AROUND THEM TO BUILD THE HOUSES, THEN COVERED THEM WITH BARK, GRASS, AND MUD.

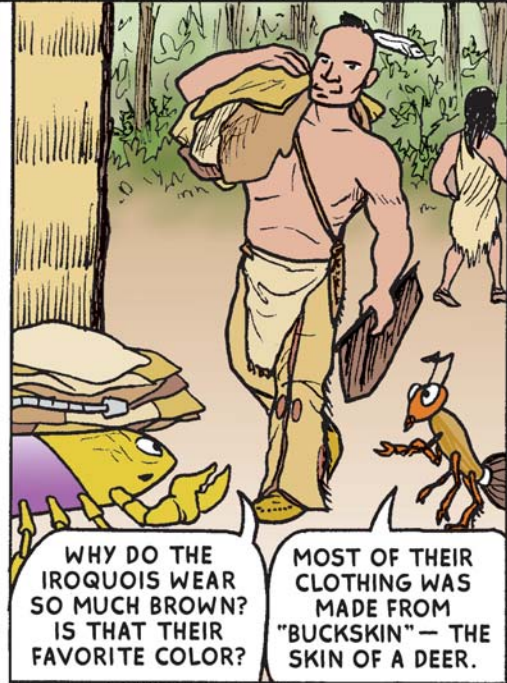


WHAT DID THEY EAT IN THE FOREST?

THE IROQUOIS WERE GOOD FARMERS. THEY GREW CORN, BEANS, AND SQUASH - WHICH THEY CALLED **"THE THREE SISTERS."**



THE IROQUOIS ALSO HUNTED ANIMALS IN THE FOREST WITH BOW AND ARROWS. THE IROQUOIS WERE KNOWN FOR THEIR SKILL IN HUNTING AND WAR.

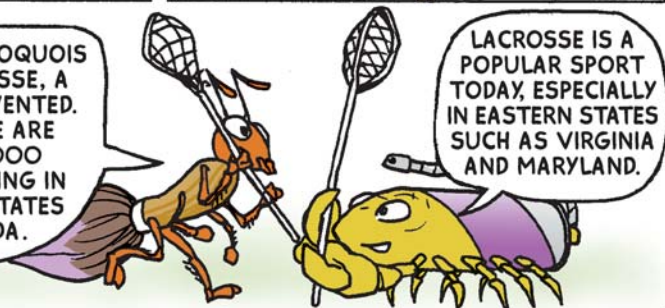


WHY DO THE IROQUOIS WEAR SO MUCH BROWN? IS THAT THEIR FAVORITE COLOR?

MOST OF THEIR CLOTHING WAS MADE FROM **"BUCKSKIN"** - THE SKIN OF A DEER.



FOR FUN, THE IROQUOIS PLAYED LACROSSE, A GAME THEY INVENTED. TODAY THERE ARE ABOUT 80,000 IROQUOIS LIVING IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.



LACROSSE IS A POPULAR SPORT TODAY, ESPECIALLY IN EASTERN STATES SUCH AS VIRGINIA AND MARYLAND.